## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI SOUTHERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Plaintiff,

v.

No. 14-03106-16-CR-S-MDH

**NEIL L. MANNING,** 

Defendant.

## PLEA AGREEMENT

Pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(B) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, the parties described below have entered into the following plea agreement:

1. <u>The Parties</u>. The parties to this agreement are the United States Attorney's Office for the Western District of Missouri (otherwise referred to as "the Government" or "the United States"), represented by Tammy Dickinson, United States Attorney, and Gary Milligan, Assistant United States Attorney, and the defendant, Neil L. Manning ("the defendant"), represented by Joshua K. Roberts.

The defendant understands and agrees that this plea agreement is only between him and the United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri, and that it does not bind any other federal, state, or local prosecution authority or any other government agency, unless otherwise specified in this agreement.

2. <u>Defendant's Guilty Plea</u>. The defendant agrees to and hereby does plead guilty to Count 1 of the second superseding indictment charging him with a violation of 21

U.S.C. § 846 and 841(a)(1), that is, Conspiracy to Distribute 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine. The defendant also agrees to forfeit to the United States the property described in Forfeiture Allegation 16 of the second superseding indictment. By entering into this plea agreement, the defendant admits that he knowingly committed this offense, and is in fact guilty of this offense.

3. <u>Factual Basis for Guilty Plea</u>. The parties agree that the facts constituting the offense to which he is pleading guilty are as follows:

Between December 1, 2013, through November 29, 2014, in Greene and Polk Counties, in the Western District of Missouri and elsewhere, the defendant, Neil L. Manning, along with Kenneth Friend, Kenna Harmon, Eric M. McClanahan, Bonnie Amodio, Donette Davis, and others, knowingly and intentionally conspired and agreed to distribute 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine. The total amount of methamphetamine involved in this conspiracy exceeds 45 kilograms of methamphetamine.

Beginning in 2013, the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) began investigating the drug trafficking activities of an organization operating in the Springfield Missouri area. The investigation involved several Title III wiretaps on the phones of Melody Carpenter, Kenna Harmon, Kenneth Friend, and Eric McClanahan. The wiretaps revealed that Friend was receiving methamphetamine from multiple sources including Kenna Harmon, Nelson Olmeda (aka Diego), and Eric McClanahan, and re-distributing the methamphetamine to other coconspirators in the Springfield, Missouri area. The wiretaps also lead to several methamphetamine seizures.

On November 3, 2014, officers intercepted communications between Friend and Carpenter where Carpenter appeared to be brokering a large methamphetamine transaction for Friend. Following the intercepted communications, surveillance was established at Friend's house. Surveillance followed Friend and Carpenter to a residence in Springfield, Missouri, then followed Friend and Carpenter back to Friend's residence. A short time later, Carpenter left Friend's house, and was detained by

members of the DEA. Agents seized approximately 4-6 ounces of methamphetamine from Carpenter, and in a post-Miranda interview, Carpenter said she had just brokered a two pound methamphetamine transaction between Friend and Nelson Olmeda.

On November 4, 2014, Carpenter contacted Olmeda at the request of the DEA pretending to be brokering another methamphetamine transaction. Carpenter obtained a sample of methamphetamine from Olmeda. DEA agents then located Olmeda at an address in Springfield, Missouri with another two pounds of methamphetamine. In an interview with Olmeda, he admitted knowledge of the methamphetamine and stated approximately two kilograms of methamphetamine had been transported to southwest Missouri to be distributed. Olmeda also indicated that he was staying in the Lake of the Ozarks area. An individual with Olmeda accompanied agents to the Lake of the Ozarks residence where they found another pound of methamphetamine and approximately \$20,000.

On November 6, 2014, the DEA intercepted communications over a Title III wiretap which indicated that Eric McClanahan was driving to Springfield, Missouri to distribute a large quantity of methamphetamine to Kenneth Friend.

McClanahan's vehicle was located on Missouri Route 13 Highway, north of Springfield, Missouri, and a vehicle enforcement stop was conducted by the Missouri State Highway Patrol. At the time of the stop, McClanahan was driving the vehicle and his girlfriend, Bonnie Amodio, was a passenger. The search of the vehicle resulted in the seizure of approximately two pounds of methamphetamine. The methamphetamine was field tested and gave a positive result for methamphetamine.

During a post-Miranda interview, McClanahan admitted knowledge of the methamphetamine and stated it was to be sold to Friend. McClanahan indicated that he was receiving the methamphetamine from a source in Kansas City, Missouri and that he was currently, or had in the recent past, been supplying several individuals in the Springfield, Missouri area including Friend, Harmon, and others. McClanahan indicated that he was distributing 5-10 pounds of methamphetamine per week for the past year.

On November 17, 2014, the DEA intercepted calls between Friend and Anthony Hatfield indicating that Hatfield was arranging to purchase a half pound of methamphetamine from Friend. Surveillance observed Friend and Hatfield meet at Bass Pro Shops in Springfield, Missouri. They

arrived in separate vehicles and Hatfield was seen getting into the vehicle with Friend. Hatfield sat in Friend's vehicle for approximately 17 minutes, then got out and drove off in his own vehicle. When Hatfield left he was stopped by Springfield Police and a half pound of methamphetamine was recovered from under his driver's seat.

On November 27, 2014, DEA agents intercepted telephone calls, which led them to believe Friend was going to purchase a large amount of methamphetamine from Harmon. As result of these telephone conversations, agents decided to traffic stop both Harmon and Friend as they left their respective residences to meet to engage in the methamphetamine distribution activity. When Harmon was stopped, officers discovered a small amount of methamphetamine, \$4,604 in United States currency, and marijuana. When Friend was stopped on November 27, 2014, Donette Davis was in the vehicle with him. A search of the vehicle resulted in the seizure of approximately \$34,310 of U. S. currency located in Davis' purse and Friend's wallet. Friend was advised of his rights under Miranda and agreed to be questioned by law enforcement. Friend admitted that he obtained methamphetamine from Harmon for distribution and that the \$34,310 was money that Friend intended to provide Harmon in exchange for methamphetamine.

Search warrants were also conducted on several residences associated with Friend and Harmon. On November 27, 2014, a federal search warrant was executed at 648 Dana, Republic, Missouri, an address used by Harmon. At the residence, agents found approximately \$20,000 in United States currency, approximately 5 ½ pounds of methamphetamine, and a loaded handgun. Also on November 27, 2014, agents searched Friend's residence pursuant to a federal search warrant. The search resulted in the seizure of a small amount of methamphetamine, a money counter, and a digital scale.

When Harmon left her residence in Republic, Missouri, prior to being traffic stopped, agents observed a black 2008 Ford Mustang parked in the driveway. The Mustang was followed to Springfield, Missouri, where the Springfield Police Department (SPD) initiated a traffic stop on it. The Mustang pulled into a parking lot and the driver of the vehicle, later identified as Anthony Van Pelt, fled from the vehicle. A search of the vehicle yielded approximately \$23,663 in United States currency. Agents believed Van Pelt fled to a nearby address in Springfield, Missouri, for which agents had already obtained a federal search warrant. The address was searched and Van Pelt was found in the master bedroom hiding under a bed. Agents also found firearms in the master bedroom where Van Pelt

was hiding, and approximately 1 pound of methamphetamine, \$3,990 in United States currency, and some marijuana in a hidden safe. In the garage of the residence, agents found a duffel bag that contained approximately 20 pounds of marijuana and 2 additional pounds of methamphetamine. After his arrest, Van Pelt admitted that he obtained methamphetamine from a source of supply in Kansas City, Missouri, and then redistributed some of that methamphetamine to Harmon.

On November 28, 2014, agents executed a federal search warrant at a residence in Halfway, Polk County, Missouri, which is owned by Harmon. Harmon has built two residences on this property, one residence in which Joseph Allen, her brother, resides, and the other residence being built for herself. During the search, agents discovered 5 handguns, 4 of which were located inside Allen's vehicle found inside the garage of the residence, and the other firearm was located on the kitchen table. Agents also discovered 3 rifles in a spare bedroom.

Inside a false return vent in the bedroom occupied by Allen, agents found a suitcase which contained approximately 900 grams of methamphetamine. Also inside the suitcase, agents discovered approximately 4 pounds of what appears to be high grade marijuana.

## Manning's Involvement

Neil Manning worked closely with Kenneth Friend to distribute methamphetamine in the Springfield area. Manning was actively receiving and distributing methamphetamine during the conspiracy. This is corroborated by numerous intercepted phone communications arranging for Manning to obtain methamphetamine or to pay Friend for methamphetamine, as well as undercover buys and a search warrant.

On June 12, 2014, Manning sold two ounces of methamphetamine to a Springfield Police Department (SPD) Confidential Source (CS) during a controlled buy. This buy was recorded. SPD got a search warrant for Manning's residence on June 17, 2014, and executed it on June 24, 2014. They found two guns and additional distribution amounts of methamphetamine. The guns were a (1) 9mm Taurus semi-automatic pistol, model PT111 G2, Serial Number TGN28500; and (2) a .40 caliber Llama semi-automatic pistol, model MAX-I-L/F, Serial Number 07-04-04996-95; and ammunition was also found. Manning has a felony conviction making it illegal for him to possess firearms.

On October 7 2014, Manning sold one ounce of methamphetamine to a Missouri State Highway Patrol Confidential Informant during a controlled buy. The purchase was recorded.

On October 12, 2014, communications were intercepted between Manning and Friend where Manning was discussing coming over. Friend indicated that he would not be there and said that he would place "it" in the mailbox for Manning. Later, Manning called to say that he was coming, and Friend appeared to be home and waiting for Manning contrary to what was discussed earlier. Manning arrived about 16 minutes later and was photographed going into Friend's residence to receive methamphetamine.

On October 29, 2014, just after midnight Manning contacted Friend and said he wanted to come by. Friend had just come back from St. Louis with Kenna Harmon and had already met with Melody Carpenter and Justin Owens to distribute 4 ounces and 2 ounces to them, respectively. When Friend talked to Manning, he told him to drive around the area first to look for surveillance on his house. Manning arrived after driving around the school across from Friend's residence. Manning was photographed entering the house to receive methamphetamine. Later, that same date, at 8:28 p.m., Friend called Manning to ask whether he has any of "that brick left?"

4. <u>Use of Factual Admissions and Relevant Conduct.</u> The defendant acknowledges, understands and agrees that the admissions contained in Paragraph 3 and other portions of this plea agreement will be used for the purpose of determining his guilt and advisory sentencing range under the United States Sentencing Guidelines ("U.S.S.G."), including the calculation of the defendant's offense level in accordance with U.S.S.G. § 1B1.3(a)(2). The defendant acknowledges, understands and agrees that the conduct charged in any dismissed counts of the second superseding indictment as well as all other uncharged related criminal activity may be considered as "relevant conduct" pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 1B1.3(a)(2) in calculating the offense level for the charge to which he is pleading guilty.

- 5. **Statutory Penalties.** The defendant understands that upon his plea of guilty to Count 1 of the second superseding indictment charging him with Conspiracy to Distribute 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, the minimum penalty the Court may impose is 10 years, while maximum penalty the Court may impose is not more than life in prison, a \$10,000,000 fine, 5 years of supervised release, and a \$100 mandatory special assessment per felony count of conviction which must be paid in full at the time of sentencing. The defendant further understands that this offense is a Class A felony.
- 6. **Sentencing Procedures.** The defendant acknowledges, understands and agrees to the following:
  - a. in determining the appropriate sentence, the Court will consult and consider the United States Sentencing Guidelines promulgated by the United States Sentencing Commission; these Guidelines, however, are advisory in nature, and the Court may impose a sentence either less than or greater than the defendant's applicable Guidelines range, unless the sentence imposed is "unreasonable";
  - b. the Court will determine the defendant's applicable Sentencing Guidelines range at the time of sentencing;
  - c. in addition to a sentence of imprisonment, the Court may impose a term of supervised release of at least 10 years; that the Court must impose a period of supervised release if a sentence of imprisonment of more than one year is imposed;
  - d. the Court may impose any sentence authorized by law, including a sentence that is outside of, or departs from, the applicable Sentencing Guidelines range;
  - e. any sentence of imprisonment imposed by the Court will not allow for parole;

- f. the Court is not bound by any recommendation regarding the sentence to be imposed or by any calculation or estimation of the Sentencing Guidelines range offered by the parties or the United States Probation Office; and
- g. the defendant may not withdraw his guilty plea solely because of the nature or length of the sentence imposed by the Court.
- h. The defendant agrees that the United States may institute civil, judicial or administrative forfeiture proceedings against all forfeitable assets in which the defendant has an interest, and that he will not contest any such forfeiture proceedings.
- i. The defendant agrees to forfeit all interests he owns or over which he exercises control, directly or indirectly, in any asset that is subject to forfeiture to the United States either directly or as a substitute for property that was subject to forfeiture but is no longer available for the reasons set forth in 21 U.S.C. § 853(p) (which is applicable to this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c)), including but not limited to the following specific property: a 9mm Taurus semi-automatic pistol, model PT111 G2, serial number TGN28500; a .40 caliber Llama semi-automatic pistol, model MAX-I-L/F, serial number 07-04-04996-95; and ammunition seized on June 24, 2014. With respect to any asset which the defendant has agreed to forfeit, the defendant waives any constitutional and statutory challenges in any manner (including direct appeal, habeas corpus, or any other means) to any forfeiture carried out in accordance with this plea agreement on any grounds, including that the forfeiture constitutes an excessive fine or punishment under the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.
- j. The defendant agrees to fully and truthfully disclose the existence, nature and location of all assets forfeitable to the United States, either directly or as a substitute asset, in which she, her co-defendants and her co-conspirators have or had any direct or indirect financial interest, or exercise or exercised control, directly or indirectly, during the period from June 1, 2013, to the present. The defendant also agrees to fully and completely assist the United States in the recovery and forfeiture of all such forfeitable assets.
- k. The defendant agrees not to contest the transfer of a 9mm Taurus semi-automatic pistol, model PT111 G2, serial number TGN28500; a .40 caliber Llama semi-automatic pistol, model MAX-I-L/F, serial number 07-04-04996-95; and ammunition seized on June 24, 2014, from any state or local agency to the United States and to take whatever steps are necessary

to facilitate that transfer. The defendant specifically agrees and authorizes any state or local law enforcement agency having possession of property subject to federal forfeiture to release the property to a federal agency either prior to or after entry of an order forfeiting the defendant's interest in such property. Further, the defendant agrees to hold harmless any state or local law enforcement agency which releases such property to any federal agency for federal forfeiture proceedings.

- 1. The defendant agrees to take all necessary steps to comply with the forfeiture matters set forth herein before her sentencing.
- m. The defendant states that he is the sole and rightful owner of a 9mm Taurus semi-automatic pistol, model PT111 G2, serial number TGN28500; a .40 caliber Llama semi-automatic pistol, model MAX-I-L/F, serial number 07-04-04996-95; and ammunition seized on June 24, 2014, and that to the best of her knowledge no one else has any ownership or other interest in the property. In the event any federal, state or local law enforcement agency having custody of the property decides not to pursue forfeiture of the property due to its minimal value, the defendant hereby abandons any interest he has in such property and consents to the destruction or any other disposition of the property by the federal, state or local agency without further notice or obligation whatsoever owing to the defendant.
- n. Within 10 days of the execution of this plea agreement, at the request of the USAO, the defendant agrees to execute and submit (1) a Tax Information Authorization form; (2) an Authorization to Release Information; (3) a completed financial disclosure statement; and (4) copies of financial information that the defendant submits to the U.S. Probation Office. The defendant understands that the United States will use the financial information when making its recommendation to the Court regarding the defendant's acceptance of responsibility.
- o. At the request of the USAO, the defendant agrees to undergo any polygraph examination the United States might choose to administer concerning the identification and recovery of forfeitable assets and restitution.
- 7. **Government's Agreements.** Based upon evidence in its possession at this time, the United States Attorney's Office for the Western District of Missouri, as part of this plea agreement, agrees not to bring any additional charges against defendant for any

federal criminal offenses related to Conspiracy to Distribute 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine for which it has venue and which arose out of the defendant's conduct described above. Additionally, the United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri agrees to dismiss counts 22-24, 31, 35, and 43, as it applies to the defendant, at sentencing.

The defendant understands that this plea agreement does not foreclose any prosecution for an act of murder or attempted murder, an act or attempted act of physical or sexual violence against the person of another, or a conspiracy to commit any such acts of violence or any criminal activity of which the United States Attorney for the Western District of Missouri has no knowledge.

The defendant recognizes that the United States' agreement to forego prosecution of all of the criminal offenses with which the defendant might be charged is based solely on the promises made by the defendant in this agreement. If the defendant breaches this plea agreement, the United States retains the right to proceed with the original charges and any other criminal violations established by the evidence. The defendant expressly waives his right to challenge the initiation of the dismissed or additional charges against him if he breaches this agreement. The defendant expressly waives his right to assert a statute of limitations defense if the dismissed or additional charges are initiated against him following a breach of this agreement. The defendant further understands and agrees that if the Government elects to file additional charges against him following his breach of this plea agreement, he will not be allowed to withdraw his guilty plea.

- 8. Preparation of Presentence Report. The defendant understands the United States will provide to the Court and the United States Probation Office a government version of the offense conduct. This may include information concerning the background, character, and conduct of the defendant, including the entirety of his criminal activities. The defendant understands these disclosures are not limited to the count to which he has pleaded guilty. The United States may respond to comments made or positions taken by the defendant or the defendant's counsel and to correct any misstatements or inaccuracies. The United States further reserves its right to make any recommendations it deems appropriate regarding the disposition of this case, subject only to any limitations set forth in this plea agreement. The United States and the defendant expressly reserve the right to speak to the Court at the time of sentencing pursuant to Rule 32(i)(4) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
- 9. Withdrawal of Plea. Either party reserves the right to withdraw from this plea agreement for any or no reason at any time prior to the entry of the defendant's plea of guilty and its formal acceptance by the Court. In the event of such withdrawal, the parties will be restored to their pre-plea agreement positions to the fullest extent possible. However, after the plea has been formally accepted by the Court, the defendant may withdraw his plea of guilty only if the Court rejects the plea agreement or if the defendant can show a fair and just reason for requesting the withdrawal. The defendant understands that if the Court accepts his plea of guilty and this plea agreement but subsequently imposes a sentence that is outside the defendant's applicable Sentencing Guidelines

range, or imposes a sentence that the defendant does not expect, like or agree with, he will not be permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty.

- 10. <u>Agreed Guidelines Applications</u>. With respect to the application of the Sentencing Guidelines to this case, the parties stipulate and agree as follows:
  - a. The Sentencing Guidelines do not bind the Court and are advisory in nature. The Court may impose a sentence that is either above or below the defendant's applicable Guidelines range, provided the sentence imposed is not "unreasonable":
  - b. The applicable Guidelines section for the offense of conviction is U.S.S.G. § 2D1.1, which provides for a base offense level of 38;
  - c. The defendant has admitted his guilt and clearly accepted responsibility for his actions, and has assisted authorities in the investigation or prosecution of his own misconduct by timely notifying authorities of his intention to enter a plea of guilty, thereby permitting the Government to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the Government and the Court to allocate their resources efficiently. Therefore, he is entitled to a three-level reduction pursuant to § 3E1.1(b) of the Sentencing Guidelines. The Government, at the time of sentencing, will file a written motion with the Court to that effect, unless the defendant (1) fails to abide by all of the terms and conditions of this plea agreement and his pretrial release; or (2) attempts to withdraw his guilty plea, violates the law, or otherwise engages in conduct inconsistent with his acceptance of responsibility;
  - d. The parties agree that the Court will determine his applicable criminal history category after receipt of the presentence investigation report prepared by the United States Probation Office;
  - e. The defendant understands that the estimate of the parties with respect to the Guidelines computation set forth in the subsections of this paragraph does <u>not</u> bind the Court or the United States Probation Office with respect to the appropriate Guidelines levels. Additionally, the failure of the Court to accept these stipulations will not, as outlined in Paragraph 9 of this plea agreement, provide the defendant with a basis to withdraw his plea of guilty;
  - f. The agreement by the parties is not binding upon the Court or the United States Probation Office and the Court may impose any sentence

authorized by law, including any sentence outside the applicable Guidelines range that is not "unreasonable";

- g. The defendant consents to judicial fact-finding by a preponderance of the evidence for all issues pertaining to the determination of the defendant's sentence, including the determination of any mandatory minimum sentence (including the facts that support any specific offense characteristic or other enhancement or adjustment), and any legally authorized increase above the normal statutory maximum. The defendant waives any right to a jury determination beyond a reasonable doubt of all facts used to determine and enhance the sentence imposed, and waives any right to have those facts alleged in the second superseding indictment. The defendant also agrees that the Court, in finding the facts relevant to the imposition of sentence, may consider any reliable information, including hearsay; and,
- h. The defendant understands and agrees that the factual admissions contained in Paragraph 3 of this plea agreement, and any admissions that he will make during his plea colloquy, support the imposition of the agreed-upon Guidelines calculations contained in this agreement.
- 11. Effect of Non-Agreement on Guidelines Applications. The parties understand, acknowledge and agree that there are no agreements between the parties with respect to any Sentencing Guidelines issues other than those specifically listed in Paragraph 10, and its subsections. As to any other Guidelines issues, the parties are free to advocate their respective positions at the sentencing hearing.
- 12. Change in Guidelines Prior to Sentencing. The defendant agrees that if any applicable provision of the Guidelines changes after the execution of this plea agreement, then any request by defendant to be sentenced pursuant to the new Guidelines will make this plea agreement voidable by the United States at its option. If the Government exercises its option to void the plea agreement, the United States may charge, reinstate, or

otherwise pursue any and all criminal charges that could have been brought but for this plea agreement.

- 13. Government's Reservation of Rights. The defendant understands that the United States expressly reserves the right in this case to:
  - a. oppose or take issue with any position advanced by defendant at the sentencing hearing which might be inconsistent with the provisions of this plea agreement;
  - b. comment on the evidence supporting the charges in the second superseding indictment;
  - c. oppose any arguments and requests for relief the defendant might advance on an appeal from the sentences imposed and that the United States remains free on appeal or collateral proceedings to defend the legality and propriety of the sentence actually imposed, even if the Court chooses not to follow any recommendation made by the United States; and,
  - d. oppose any post-conviction motions for reduction of sentence, or other relief.
- 14. Waiver of Constitutional Rights. The defendant, by pleading guilty, acknowledges that he has been advised of, understands, and knowingly and voluntarily waives the following rights:
  - a. the right to plead not guilty and to persist in a plea of not guilty;
  - b. the right to be presumed innocent until his guilt has been established beyond a reasonable doubt at trial;
  - c. the right to a jury trial, and at that trial, the right to the effective assistance of counsel;
  - d. the right to confront and cross-examine the witnesses who testify against him;
  - e. the right to compel or subpoena witnesses to appear on his behalf; and,

f. the right to remain silent at trial, in which case his silence may not be used against him.

The defendant understands that by pleading guilty, he waives or gives up those rights and that there will be no trial. The defendant further understands that if he pleads guilty, the Court may ask him questions about the offense or offenses to which he pleaded guilty, and if the defendant answers those questions under oath and in the presence of counsel, his answers may later be used against him in a prosecution for perjury or making a false statement. The defendant also understands he has pleaded guilty to a felony offense and, as a result, will lose his right to possess a firearm or ammunition and might be deprived of other rights, such as the right to vote or register to vote, hold public office, or serve on a jury.

## 15. Waiver of Appellate and Post-Conviction Rights.

- a. The defendant acknowledges, understands and agrees that by pleading guilty pursuant to this plea agreement he waives his right to appeal or collaterally attack a finding of guilt following the acceptance of this plea agreement, except on grounds of (1) ineffective assistance of counsel; or (2) prosecutorial misconduct.
- b. The defendant expressly waives his right to appeal his sentence, directly or collaterally, on any ground except claims of (1) ineffective assistance of counsel; (2) prosecutorial misconduct; or (3) an illegal sentence. An "illegal sentence" includes a sentence imposed in excess of the statutory maximum, but does *not* include less serious sentencing errors, such as a misapplication of the Sentencing Guidelines, an abuse of discretion, or the imposition of an unreasonable sentence. However, if the United States exercises its right to appeal the sentence imposed as authorized by 18 U.S.C. § 3742(b), the defendant is released from this waiver and may, as part of the Government's appeal, cross-appeal his sentence as authorized by 18 U.S.C. § 3742(a) with respect to any issues that have not been stipulated to or agreed upon in this agreement.

- 16. **Financial Obligations.** By entering into this plea agreement, the defendant represents that he understands and agrees to the following financial obligations:
  - a. The Court may order restitution to the victims of the offense to which the defendant is pleading guilty. The defendant agrees that the Court may order restitution in connection with the conduct charged in any counts of the second superseding indictment which are to be dismissed and all other uncharged related criminal activity.
  - b. The United States may use the Federal Debt Collection Procedures Act and any other remedies provided by law to enforce any restitution order that may be entered as part of the sentence in this case and to collect any fine.
  - c. The defendant will fully and truthfully disclose all assets and property in which he has any interest, or over which the defendant exercises control directly or indirectly, including assets and property held by a spouse, nominee or other third party. The defendant's disclosure obligations are ongoing, and are in force from the execution of this agreement until the defendant has satisfied the restitution order in full.
  - d. Within 10 days of the execution of this plea agreement, at the request of the USAO, the defendant agrees to execute and submit (1) a Tax Information Authorization form; (2) an Authorization to Release Information; (3) a completed financial disclosure statement; and (4) copies of financial information that the defendant submits to the U.S. Probation Office. The defendant understands that compliance with these requests will be taken into account when the United States makes a recommendation to the Court regarding the defendant's acceptance of responsibility.
  - e. At the request of the USAO, the defendant agrees to undergo any polygraph examination the United States might choose to administer concerning the identification and recovery of substitute assets and restitution.
  - f. The defendant hereby authorizes the USAO to obtain a credit report pertaining to him to assist the USAO in evaluating the defendant's ability to satisfy any financial obligations imposed as part of the sentence.
  - g. The defendant understands that a Special Assessment will be imposed as part of the sentence in this case. The defendant promises to pay the Special Assessment of \$100 by submitting a satisfactory form of

payment to the Clerk of the Court prior to appearing for the sentencing proceeding in this case. The defendant agrees to provide the Clerk's receipt as evidence of his fulfillment of this obligation at the time of sentencing.

- h. The defendant certifies that he has made no transfer of assets or property for the purpose of (1) evading financial obligations created by this Agreement; (2) evading obligations that may be imposed by the Court; nor (3) hindering efforts of the USAO to enforce such financial obligations. Moreover, the defendant promises that he will make no such transfers in the future.
- i. In the event the United States learns of any misrepresentation in the financial disclosure statement, or of any asset in which the defendant had an interest at the time of this plea agreement that is not disclosed in the financial disclosure statement, and in the event such misrepresentation or nondisclosure changes the estimated net worth of the defendant by ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) or more, the United States may at its option: (1) choose to be relieved of its obligations under this plea agreement; or (2) let the plea agreement stand, collect the full forfeiture, restitution, and fines imposed by any criminal or civil judgment, and also collect 100% (one hundred percent) of the value of any previously undisclosed assets. The defendant agrees not to contest any collection of such assets. In the event the United States opts to be relieved of its obligations under this plea agreement, the defendant's previously entered pleas of guilty shall remain in effect and cannot be withdrawn.
- 17. Waiver of FOIA Request. The defendant waives all of his rights, whether asserted directly or by a representative, to request or receive from any department or agency of the United States any records pertaining to the investigation or prosecution of this case including, without limitation, any records that may be sought under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552, or the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. § 552a.
- 18. Waiver of Claim for Attorney's Fees. The defendant waives all of his claims under the Hyde Amendment, 18 U.S.C. § 3006A, for attorney's fees and other litigation expenses arising out of the investigation or prosecution of this matter.

19. <u>Defendant's Breach of Plea Agreement</u>. If the defendant commits any crimes, violates any conditions of release, or violates any term of this plea agreement between the signing of this plea agreement and the date of sentencing, or fails to appear for sentencing, or if the defendant provides information to the Probation Office or the Court that is intentionally misleading, incomplete, or untruthful, or otherwise breaches this plea agreement, the United States will be released from its obligations under this agreement. The defendant, however, will remain bound by the terms of the agreement, and will not be allowed to withdraw his plea of guilty.

The defendant also understands and agrees that in the event he violates this plea agreement, all statements made by him to law enforcement agents subsequent to the execution of this plea agreement, any testimony given by him before a grand jury or any tribunal or any leads from such statements or testimony shall be admissible against him in any and all criminal proceedings. The defendant waives any rights that he might assert under the United States Constitution, any statute, Rule 11(f) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 410 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, or any other federal rule that pertains to the admissibility of any statements made by him subsequent to this plea agreement.

20. **Defendant's Representations.** The defendant acknowledges that he has entered into this plea agreement freely and voluntarily after receiving the effective assistance, advice and approval of counsel. The defendant acknowledges that he is satisfied with the assistance of counsel, and that counsel has fully advised him of his rights and obligations in connection with this plea agreement. The defendant further acknowledges that no

threats or promises, other than the promises contained in this plea agreement, have been made by the United States, the Court, his attorneys or any other party to induce him to enter his plea of guilty.

- 21. No Undisclosed Terms. The United States and defendant acknowledge and agree that the above-stated terms and conditions, together with any written supplemental agreement that might be presented to the Court in camera, constitute the entire plea agreement between the parties, and that any other terms and conditions not expressly set forth in this agreement or any written supplemental agreement do not constitute any part of the parties' agreement and will not be enforceable against either party.
- 22. Standard of Interpretation. The parties agree that, unless the constitutional implications inherent in plea agreements require otherwise, this plea agreement should be interpreted according to general contract principles and the words employed are to be given their normal and ordinary meanings. The parties further agree that, in interpreting this agreement, any drafting errors or ambiguities are not to be automatically construed

against either party, whether or not that party was involved in drafting or modifying this agreement.

Tammy Dickinson United States Attorney

Dated: 9/23/2015 /s/ Gary Milligan
Gary Milligan

Assistant United States Attorney

I have consulted with my attorney and fully understand all of my rights with respect to the offenses charged in the second superseding indictment. Further, I have consulted with my attorney and fully understand my rights with respect to the provisions of the Sentencing Guidelines. I have read this plea agreement and carefully reviewed every part of it with my attorney. I understand this plea agreement and I voluntarily agree to it.

Dated: 9/23/2015 /s/ Neil L. Manning
Neil L. Manning
Defendant

I am defendant Neil L. Manning's attorney. I have fully explained to him his rights with respect to the offenses charged in the second superseding indictment. Further, I have reviewed with him the provisions of the Sentencing Guidelines which might apply in this case. I have carefully reviewed every part of this plea agreement with him. To my knowledge, Neil L. Manning's decision to enter into this plea agreement is an informed and voluntary one.

Dated: 9/23/2015 /s/ Joshua K. Roberts
Joshua K. Roberts
Attorney for Defendant